FP-18-19 Living with a Sibling or Roommate in Older Adulthood, 1990 & 2016

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A growing share of adults, including those in middle and later life, are unmarried. Many of these older adults either live alone or cohabit with an intimate partner, but some reside with either a sibling or a roommate. Drawing on 1990 Census and 2016 American Community Survey data, this profile examines patterns of sibling co-residence and living with a roommate among adults aged 50-74.

Older Adults Living with a Sibling or Roommate, 1990 & 2016

There has been a dramatic increase in the total number of adults aged 50-74 living with either a sibling or an unrelated roommate in the same household. In 2016, 3.2 million older adults were living with a sibling or roommate—nearly triple the number from 1990 (1.2 million).

The percentage increase from 1990 to 2016 in the number of people living with a sibling or unrelated roommate was greater for men (+213%) than women (+137%).

The numbers of older men and women living with a sibling were higher than those living with an unrelated roommate in 1990 and 2016.

Marital Status

In 1990, the most common marital status for older adults living with a sibling or roommate was never married (42%), followed by divorced (36%) and widowed (23%). In 2016, the proportion of divorced older adults (47%) eclipsed the never married (42%), with widowhood remaining the least common (11%).

Although divorce was more common for both men and women in 2016, the proportion divorced increased more among women, rising from 30% in 1990 to 47% in 2016.

The percentage of older adults living with a sibling or unrelated roommate who were widowed decreased by nearly half between 1990 and 2016, regardless of gender. However, a larger share of women than men living with a sibling or roommate were widowed (15% versus 6% in 2016).
Sibling vs. Roommate, 2016

Marital Status by Gender

- Older adults living with a sibling were most often never married (55% for men and 43% for women). Further, larger shares of those living with a sibling were never married compared to those living with a roommate (37% for men and 30% for women).

- Older adults living with a roommate were most often divorced (56%).

Poverty Status by Gender

- About 18% of older adults living with either a sibling or a roommate were at or below the poverty level in 2016.

- Poverty levels were over three times higher for older adults residing with a roommate than a sibling.

- Among older adults living with a sibling, men had a slightly higher share than women at or below the poverty line (10% and 8%, respectively). In contrast, among those living with a roommate, women had higher shares in poverty than men (31% and 33%, respectively).

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census, 1990; U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2016 (IPUMS)

References:

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Family Profiles: Original reports summarizing and analyzing nationally representative data with the goal to provide the latest analysis of U.S. families. These profiles examine topics related to the NCFMR's core research themes.