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ABSTRACT
The purpose of this project is to explore the drug-related crimes that non-federal sworn law enforcement officers commit. The data are from the Henry A. Wallace Police Crime Database (2021). These data includes officers from across the United States that have been charged with one or more criminal offenses. The project describes the drug-related police crimes, the types of drugs, final adverse employment outcomes, criminal case dispositions, conviction details, and demographic information.

METHOD
The data for this project were collected as part of a larger research study on police crime in the United States. The study is a quantitative content analysis of data compiled from news articles and court documents. Cases were identified using the Google News™ search engine and the Google Alerts™ email update service. The sample for this project includes 1,298 arrest cases of drug-related police crime in the years 2005-2016. Any criminal arrest case which involved drugs was identified as drug-related police crime regardless of the criminal offense.

RESULTS
• There were 611 cases identified involving White officers. Of those cases 302, or 49.4%, involved personal use. There were 164 cases identified involving Black officers. Of those cases 95, or 58%, involved selling drugs (Table 1).
• The most common drugs involved in drug-related arrests were narcotics and stimulants which made up 66% of all drug-related cases (Figure 6).
• Over half (67.7%) of the 1,298 cases resulted in a conviction. Non-convictions made up 34% of all cases (Figure 3).

DISCUSSION AND POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS
• This project analyzed cases where officers were arrested or indicted for a crime. Future research should examine substance abuse problems among law enforcement officers.
• Officers with substance abuse problems should be encouraged to utilize employee assistance programs.
• Future research should examine the relationship between drug-related police crime and profit-motivated police crime.
• Law enforcement agencies should develop policies to mitigate drug-related police crime and corruption.